

Fig. 1

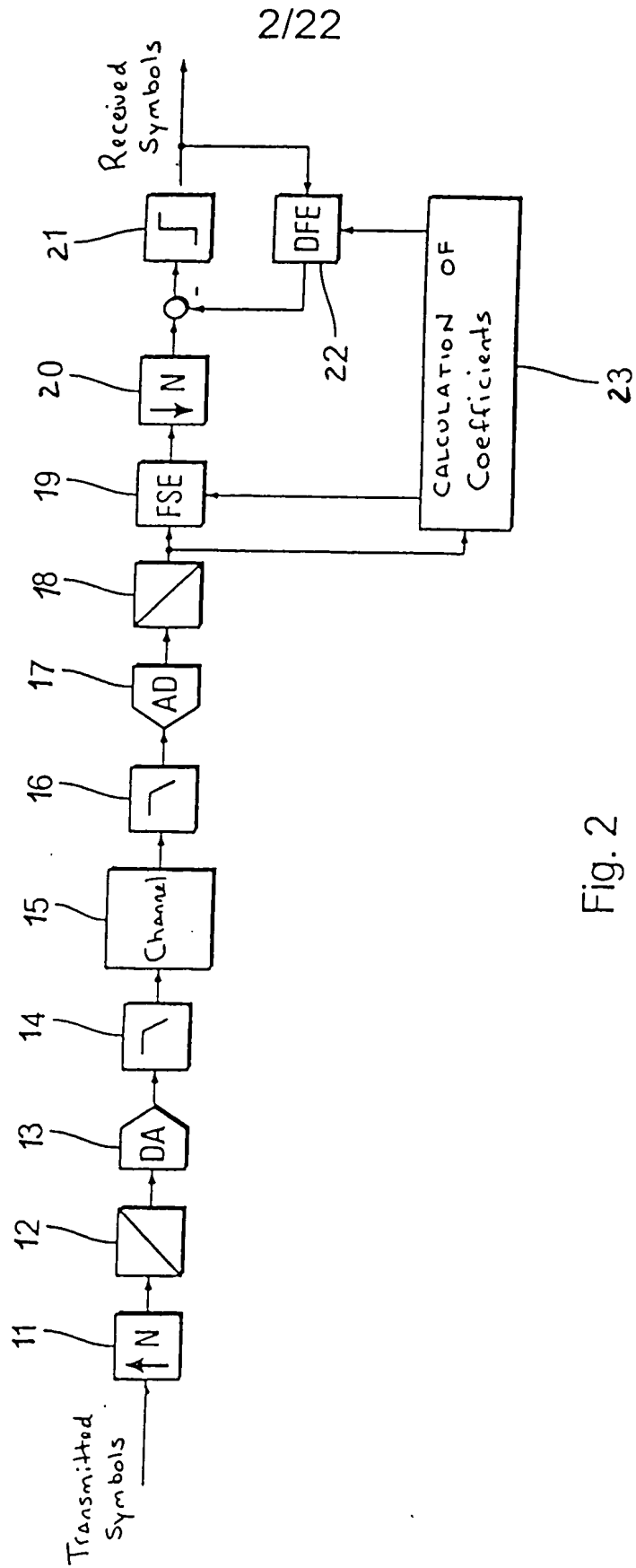


Fig. 2

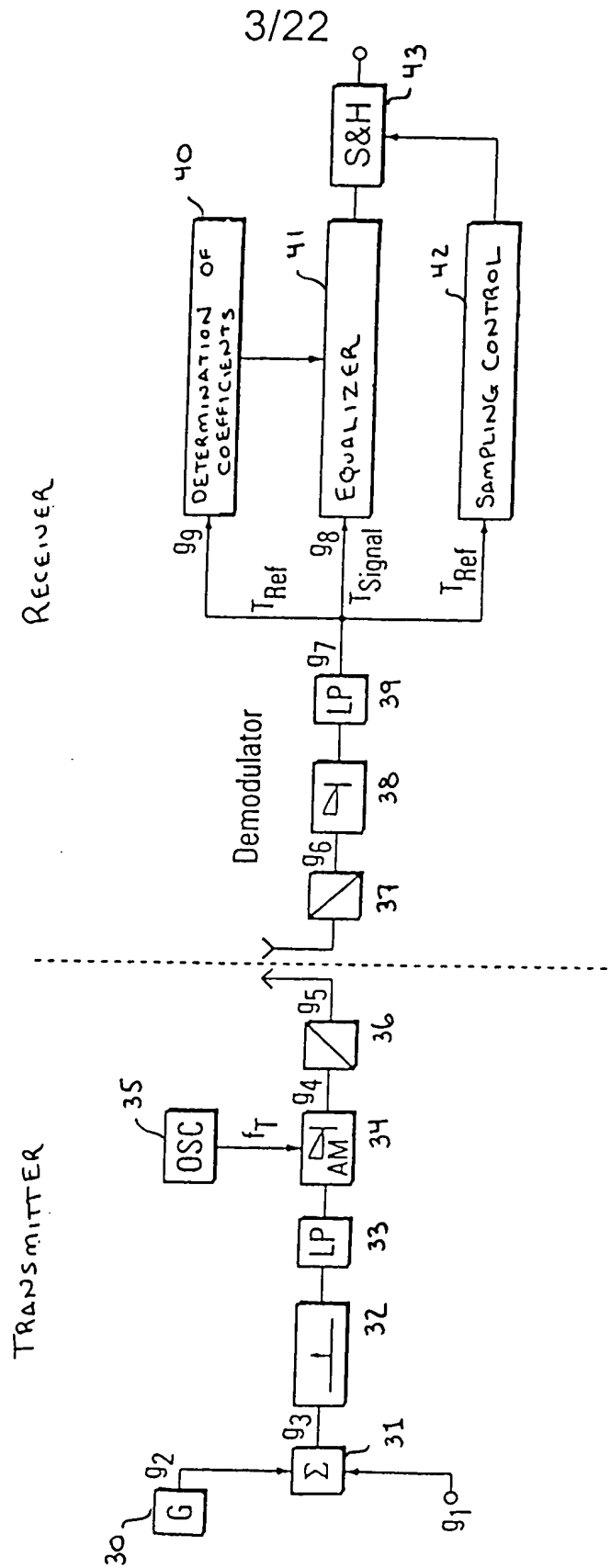


Fig. 3

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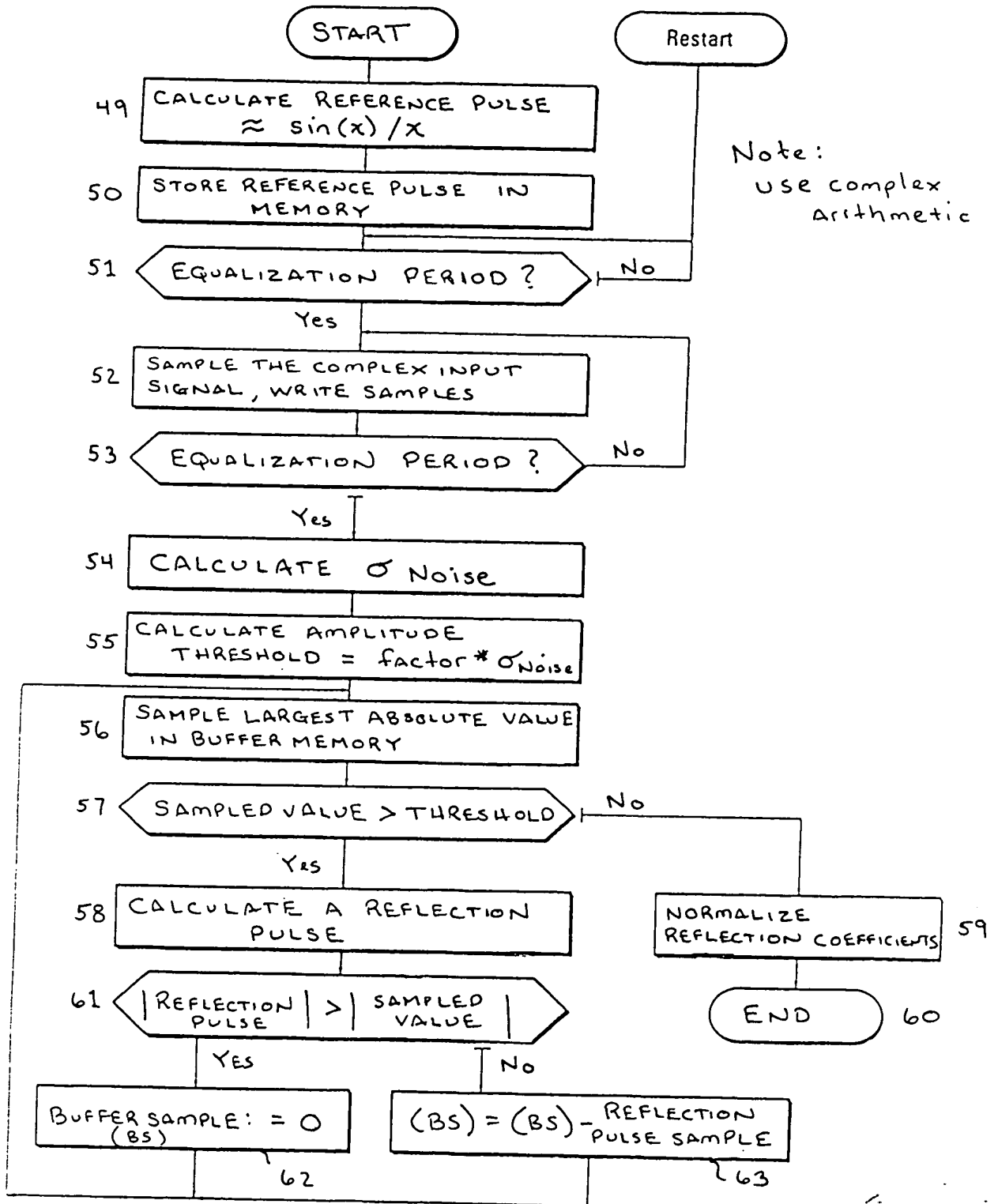


Fig. 7

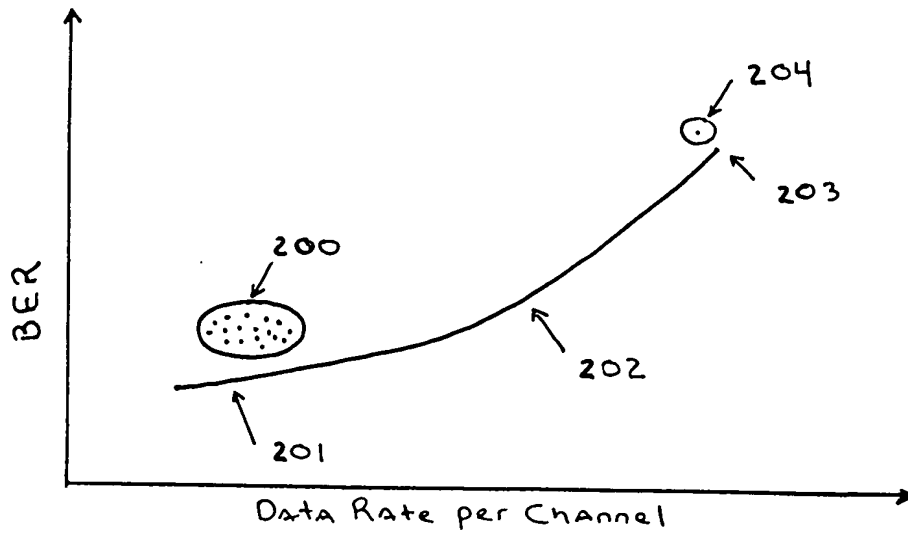


Fig 9.1a

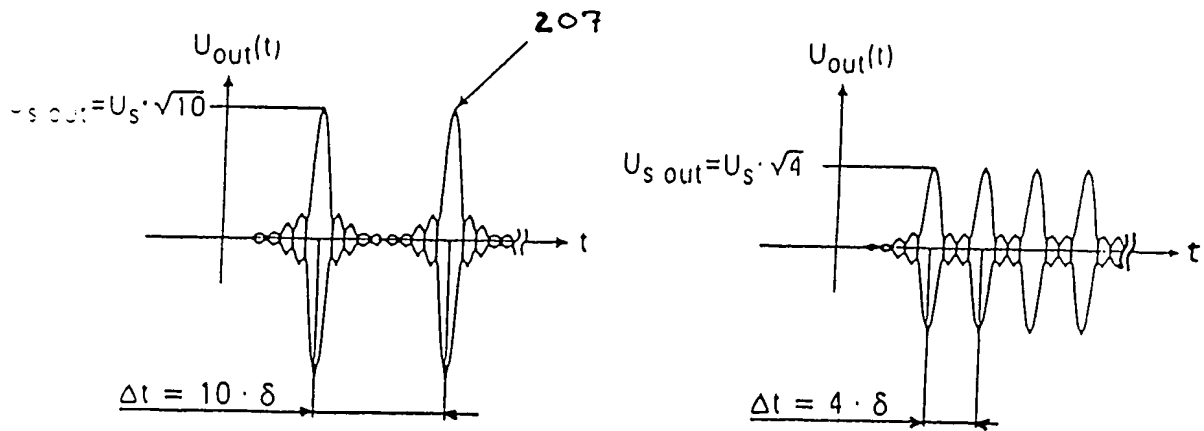


Fig. 9.1b

Fig. 9.1 System Characteristics



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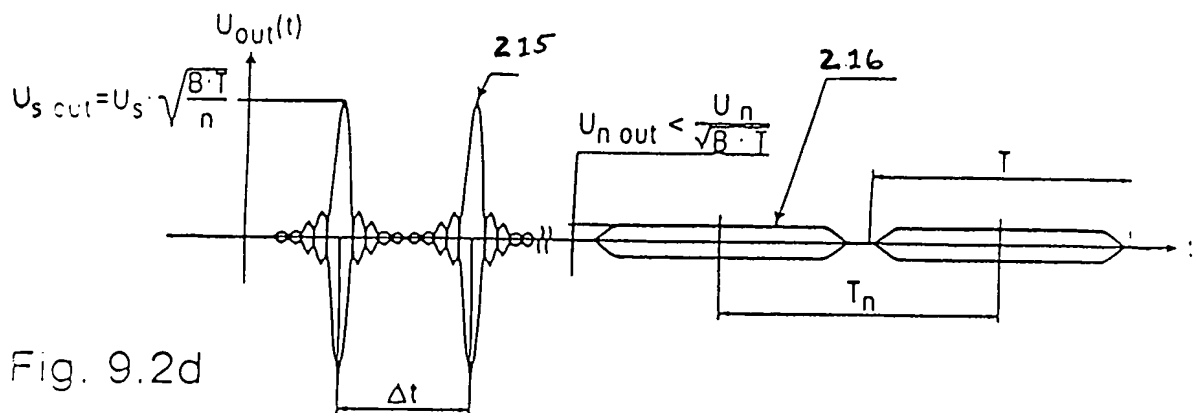
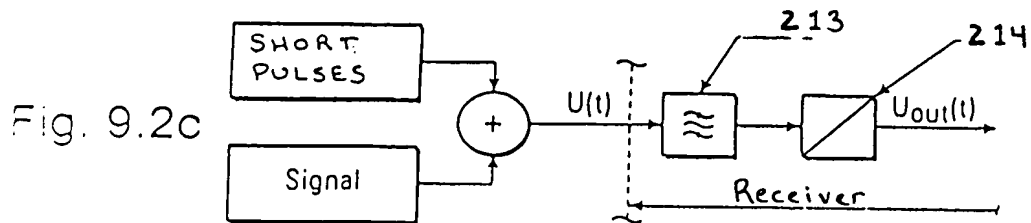
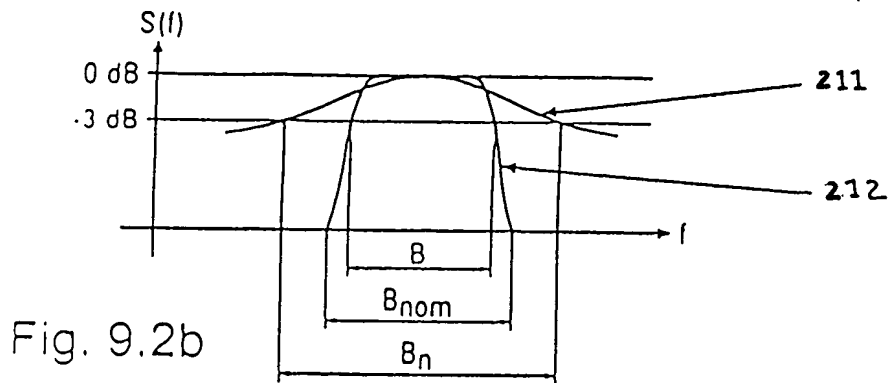
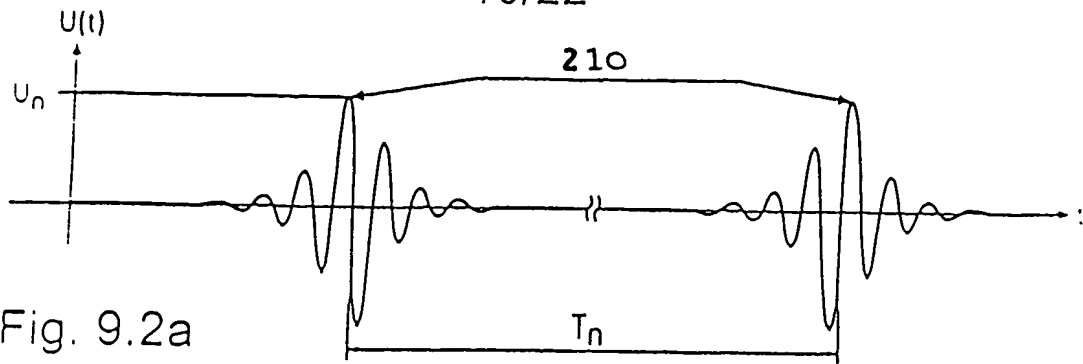


Fig. 9.2 BROADBAND INTERFERENCE



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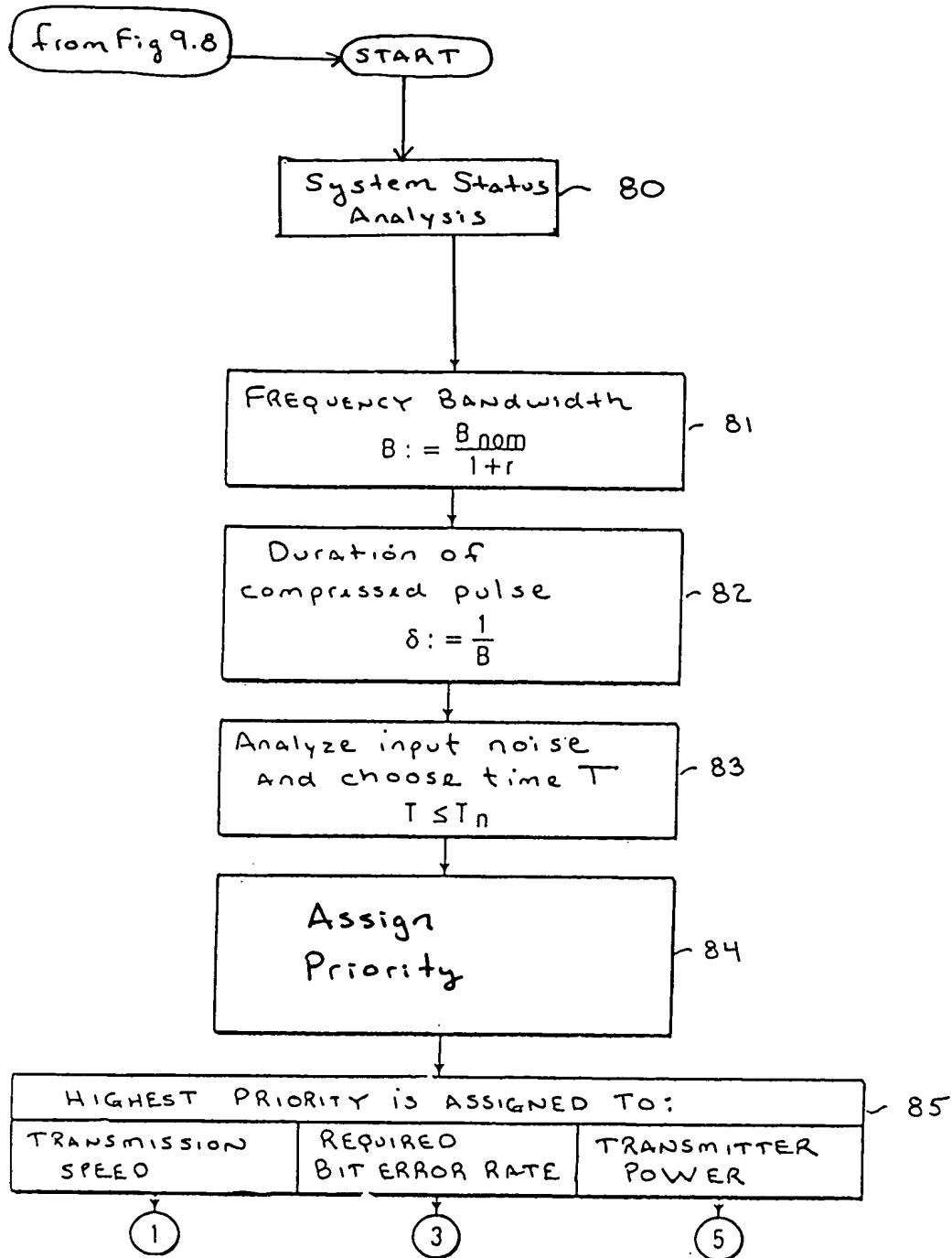


Fig. 9.3 Initialization & Priority Setting

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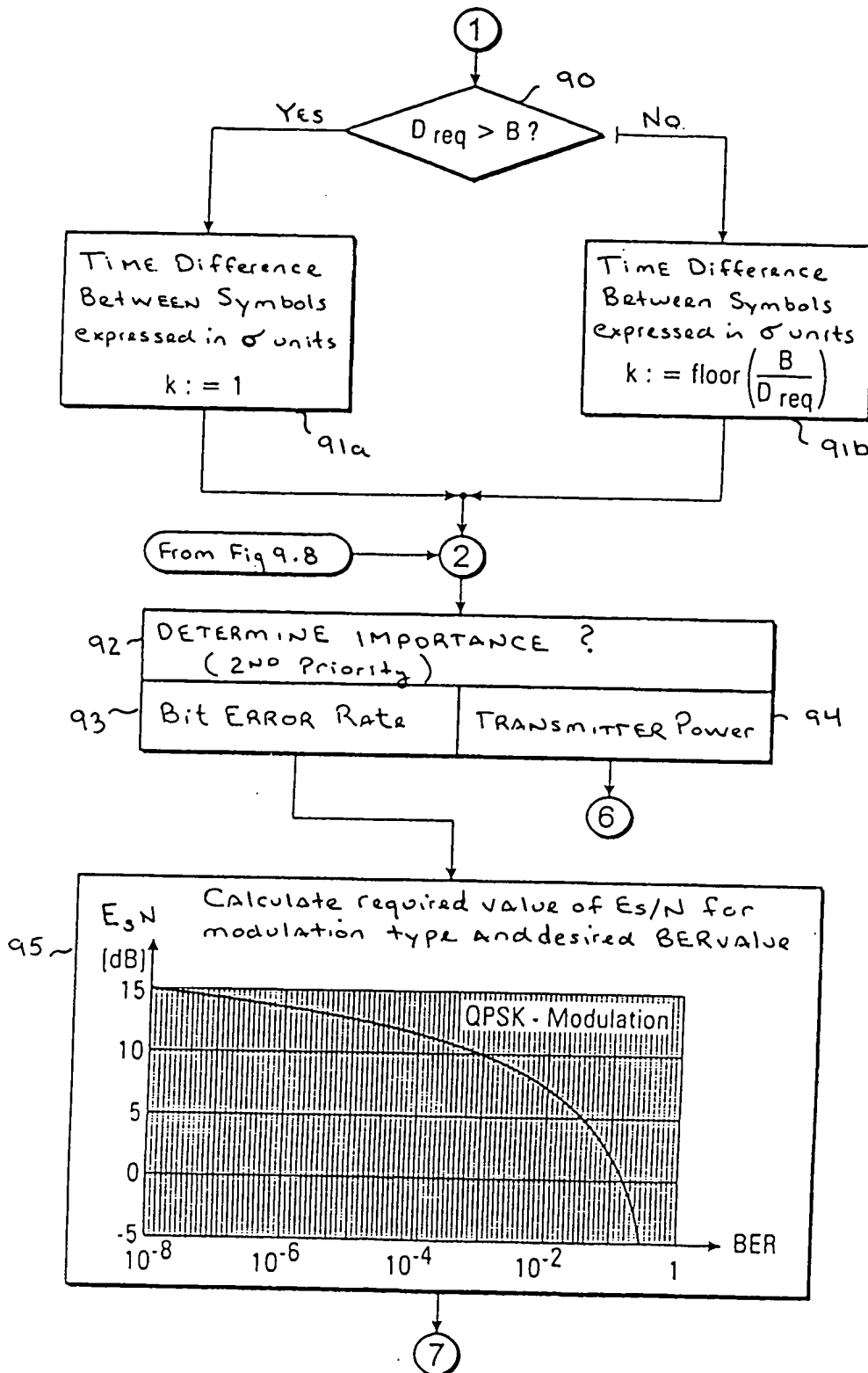


Fig. 9.4 Highest Priority: TRANSMISSION Speed



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③

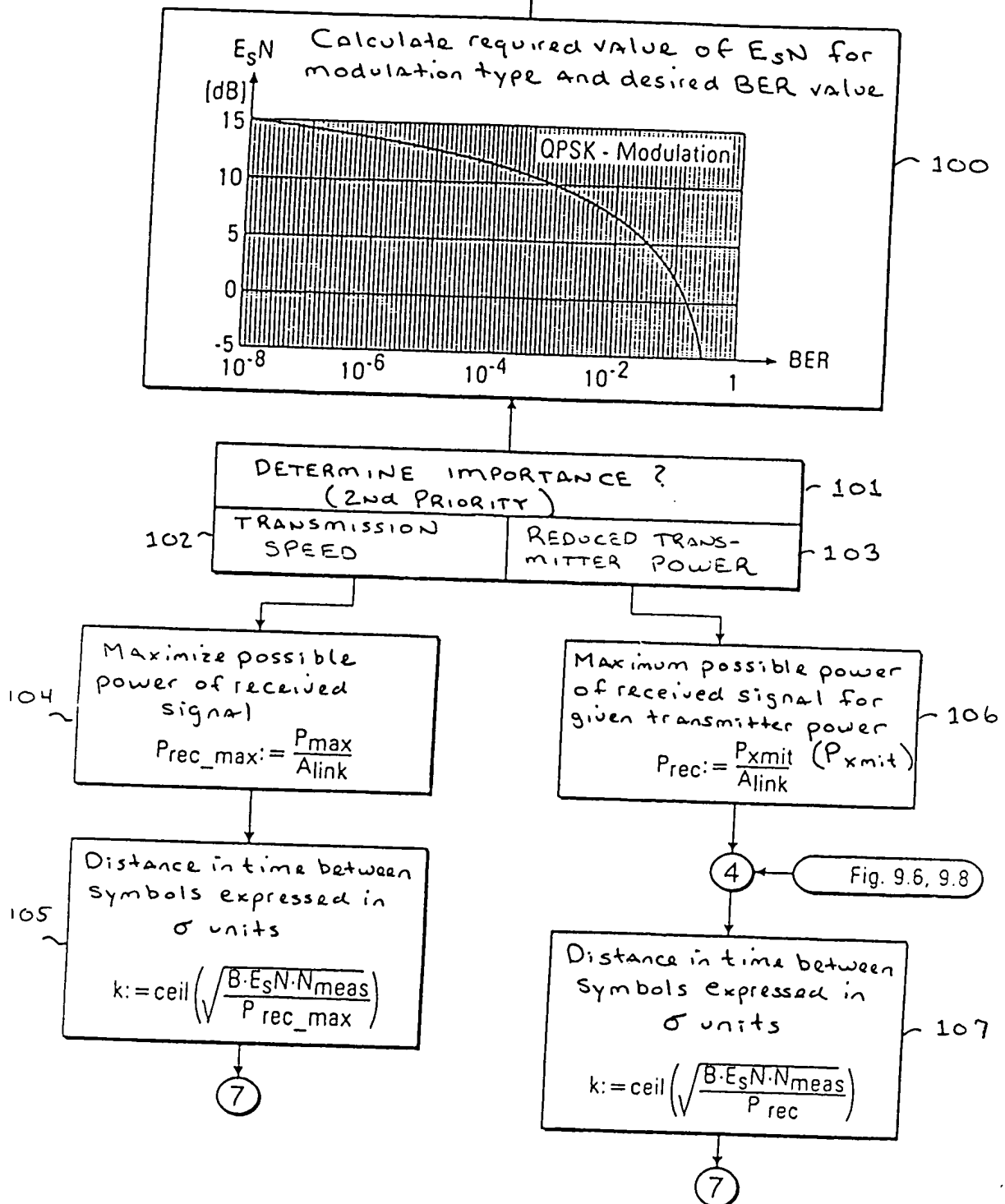


Fig. 9.5: Highest priority for: Required Bit Error Rate

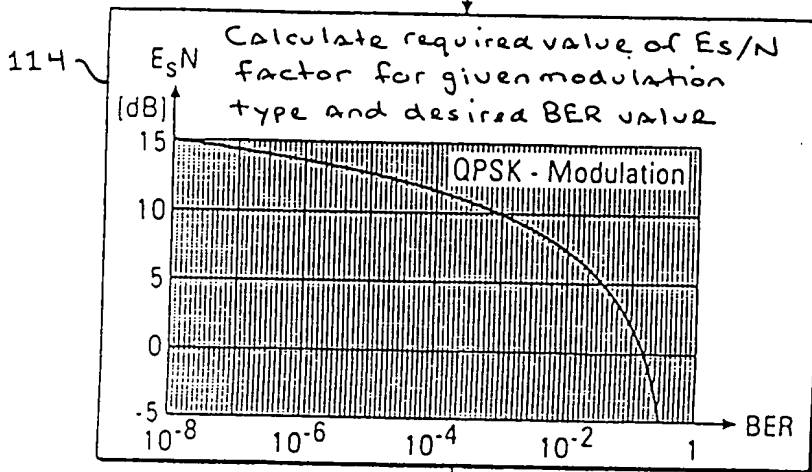
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⑤

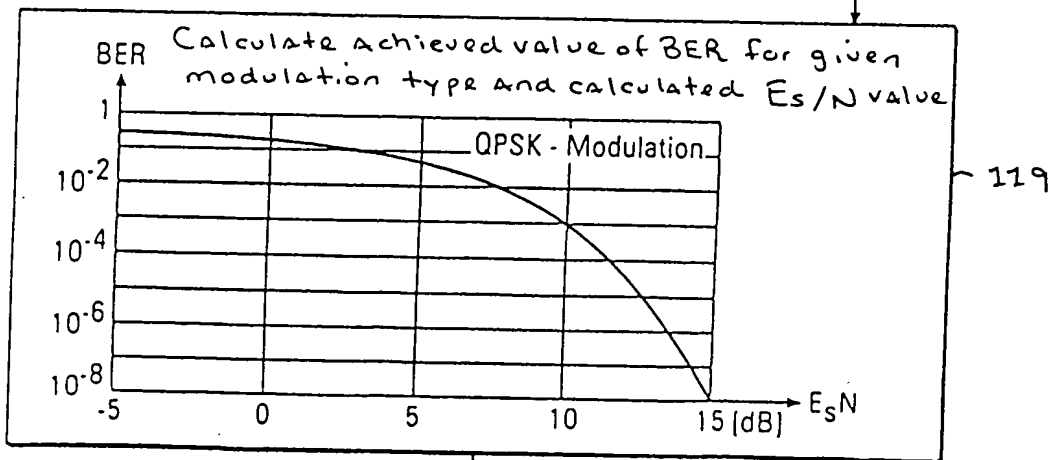
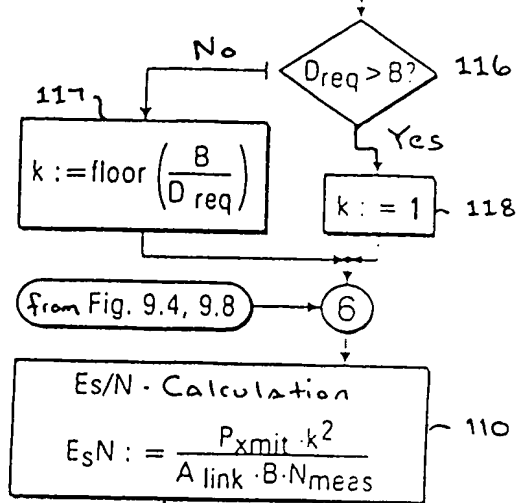
Maximum possible power  
of received signal for  
given transmitter power  
( $P_{xmit}$ )  
 $P_{rec} = \frac{P_{xmit}}{A_{link}}$

DETERMINE IMPORTANCE ?

|                    |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| 113 BIT ERROR RATE | 115 TRANSMISSION SPEED |
|--------------------|------------------------|



④



⑧

Fig. 9.6 Highest priority for: TRANSMITTER POWER

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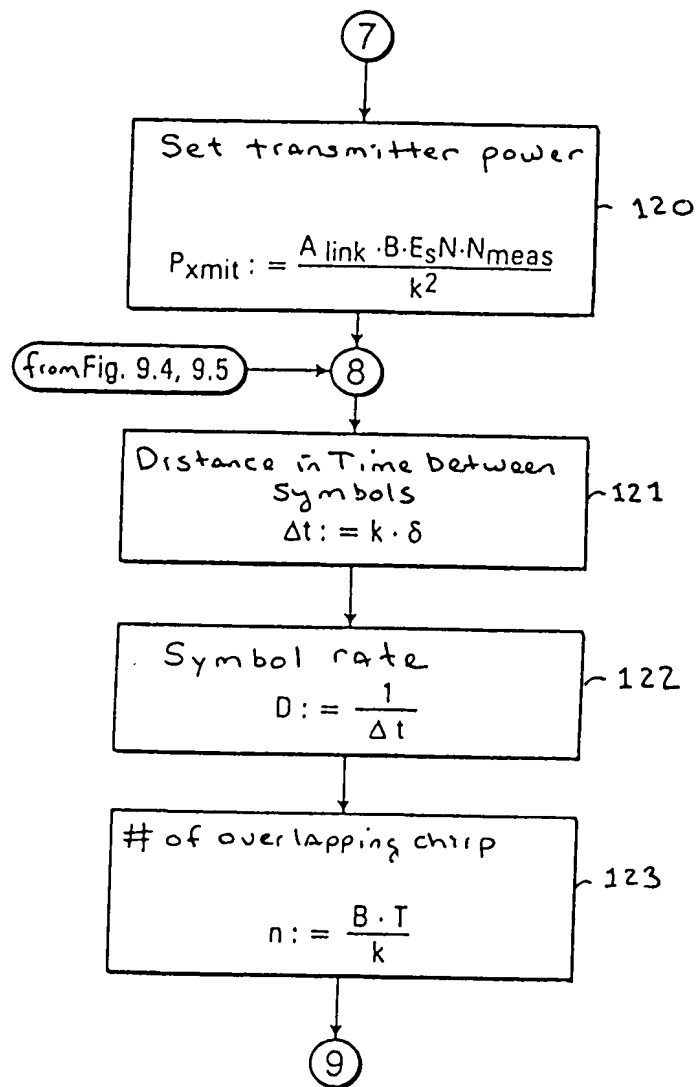


Fig. 9.7 System PARAMETERS



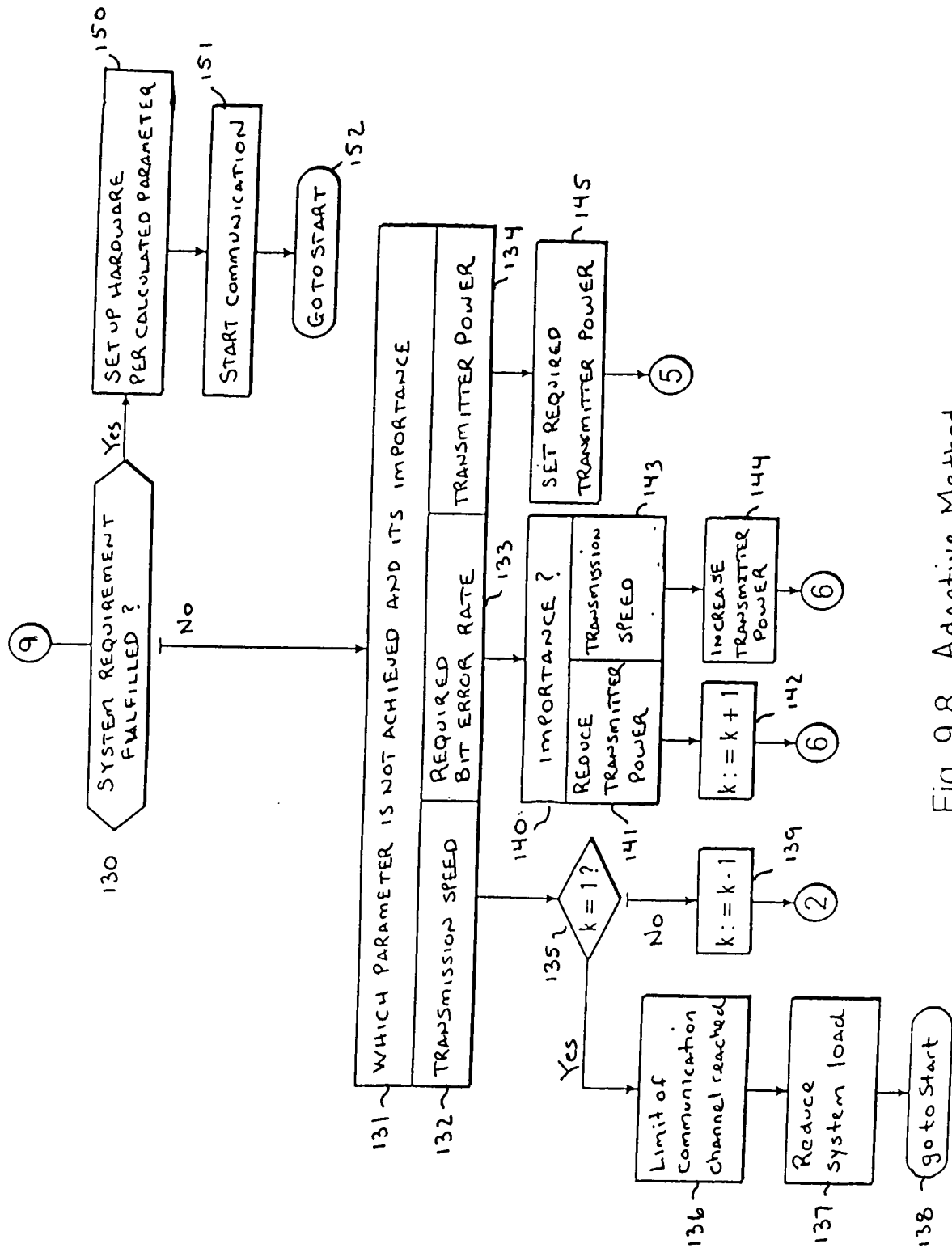


Fig. 9.8 Adaptive Method

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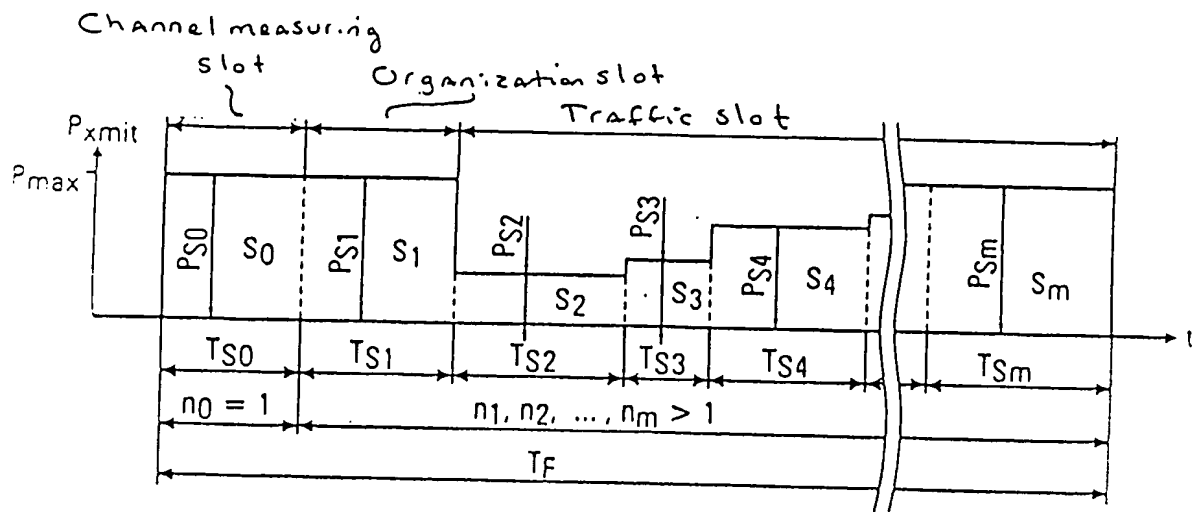


Fig 9.9 Resource Allocation for Sampling System w/ TDMA



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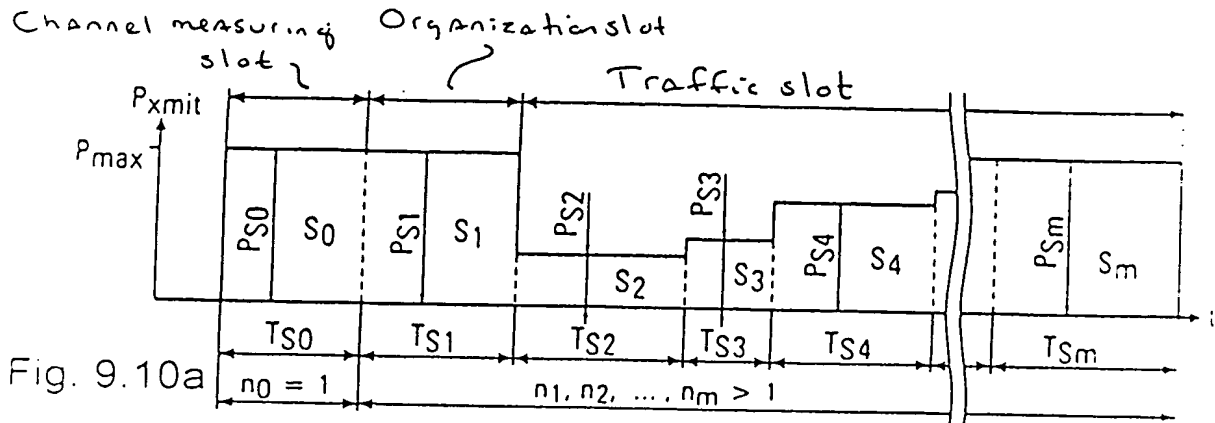


Fig. 9.10a

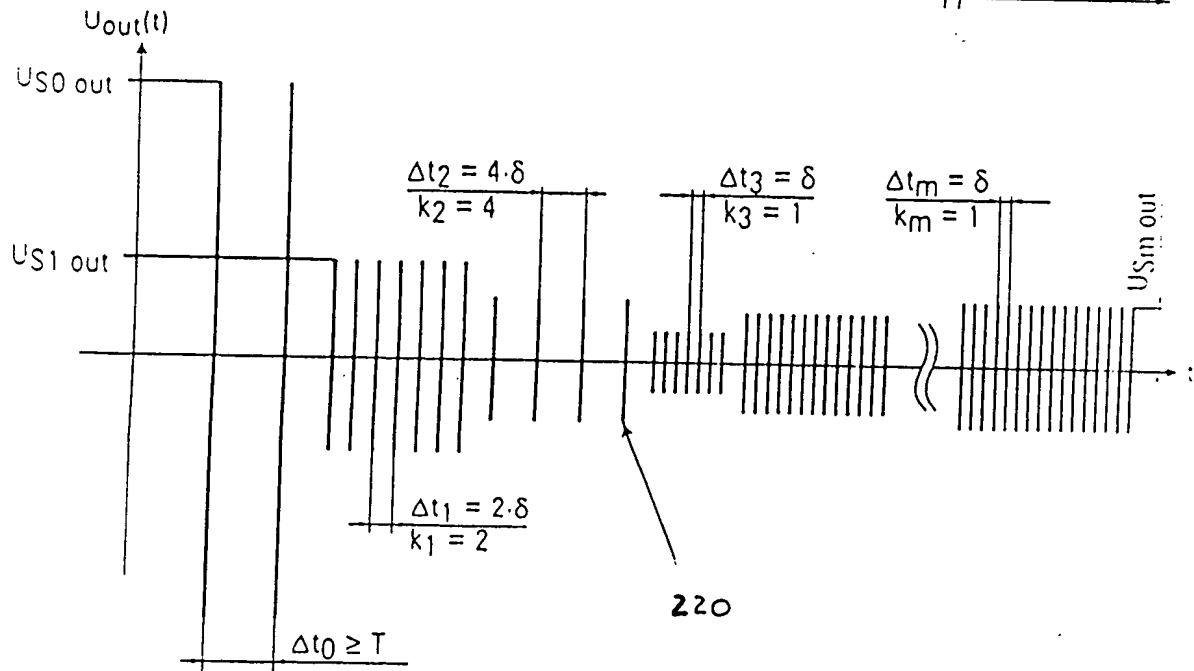


Fig. 9.10b

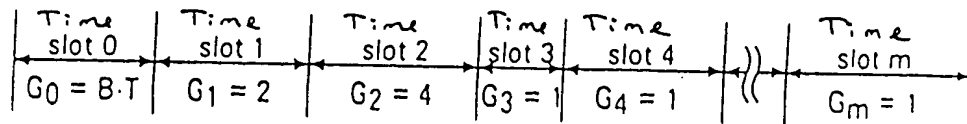
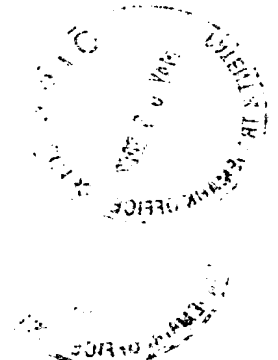


Fig. 9.10 EXAMPLE OF RECEIVED SIGNAL



$$U_{S0 \text{ out}} = \sqrt{\frac{8 \cdot T \cdot P_{S0} \cdot R_0}{A_{\text{link } 0}}} \quad \sim 230$$

$$U_{S1 \text{ out}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot P_{S1} \cdot R_0}{A_{\text{link } 1}}} \quad \sim 231$$

$$U_{S2 \text{ out}} = \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot P_{S2} \cdot R_0}{A_{\text{link } 2}}} \quad \sim 232$$

$$U_{S3 \text{ out}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot P_{S3} \cdot R_0}{A_{\text{link } 3}}} \quad \sim 233$$

$$U_{S4 \text{ out}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot P_{S4} \cdot R_0}{A_{\text{link } 4}}} \quad \sim 234$$

$$U_{Sm \text{ out}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot P_{Sm} \cdot R_0}{A_{\text{link } m}}} \quad \sim 235$$

Fig. 9.11 Example of Received Signal (cont.)



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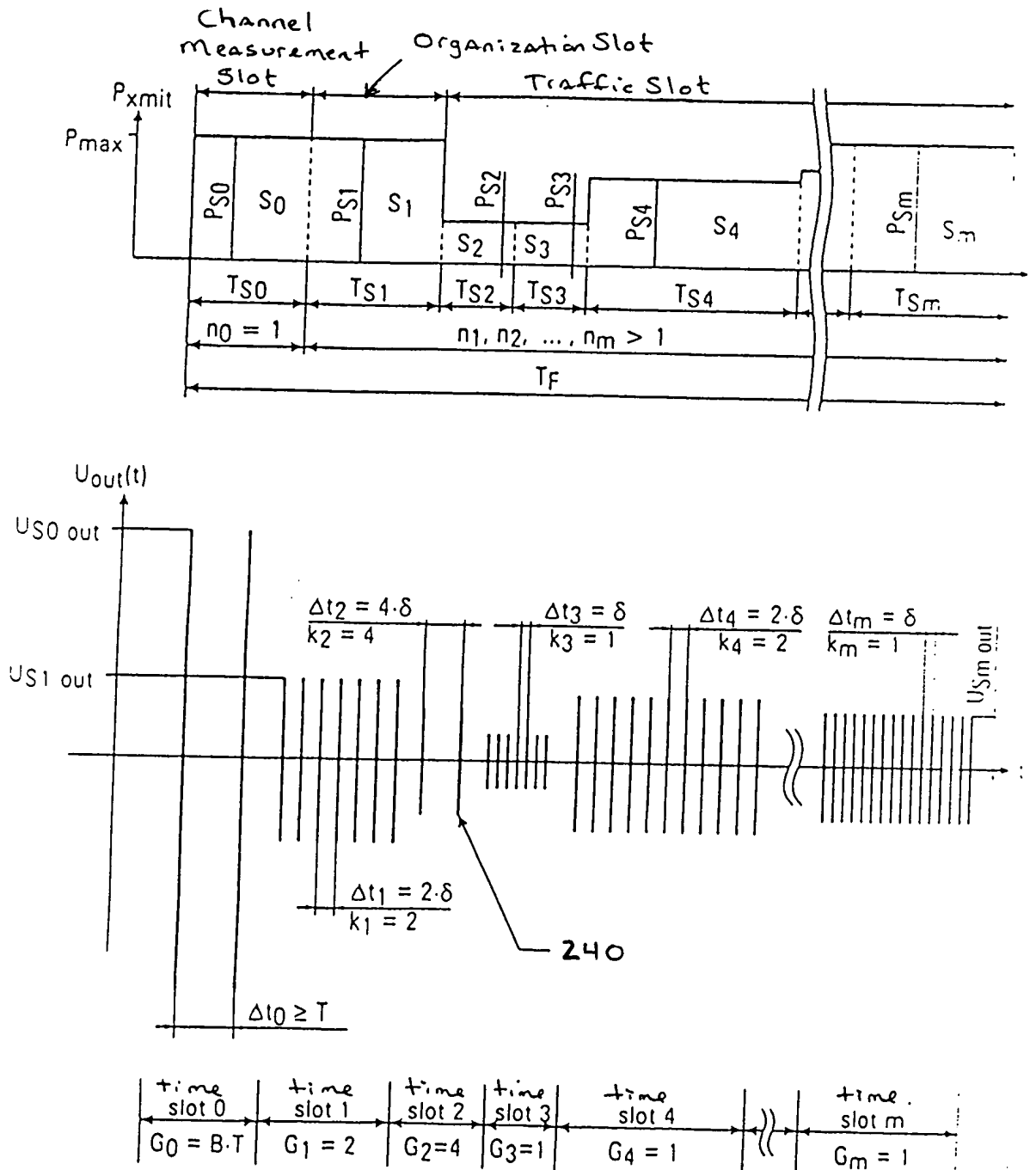


Fig. 9.12 RE-ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES



$$US0 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{8 \cdot T \cdot PS0 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 0}}} \sim 250$$

$$US1 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot PS1 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 1}}} \sim 251$$

$$US2 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot PS2 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 2}}} \sim 252$$

$$US3 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot PS3 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 3}}} \sim 253$$

$$US4 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot PS4 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 4}}} \sim 254$$

$$USm \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot PSm \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } m}}} \sim 255$$

Fig 9.13 RE-ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES (contd.)



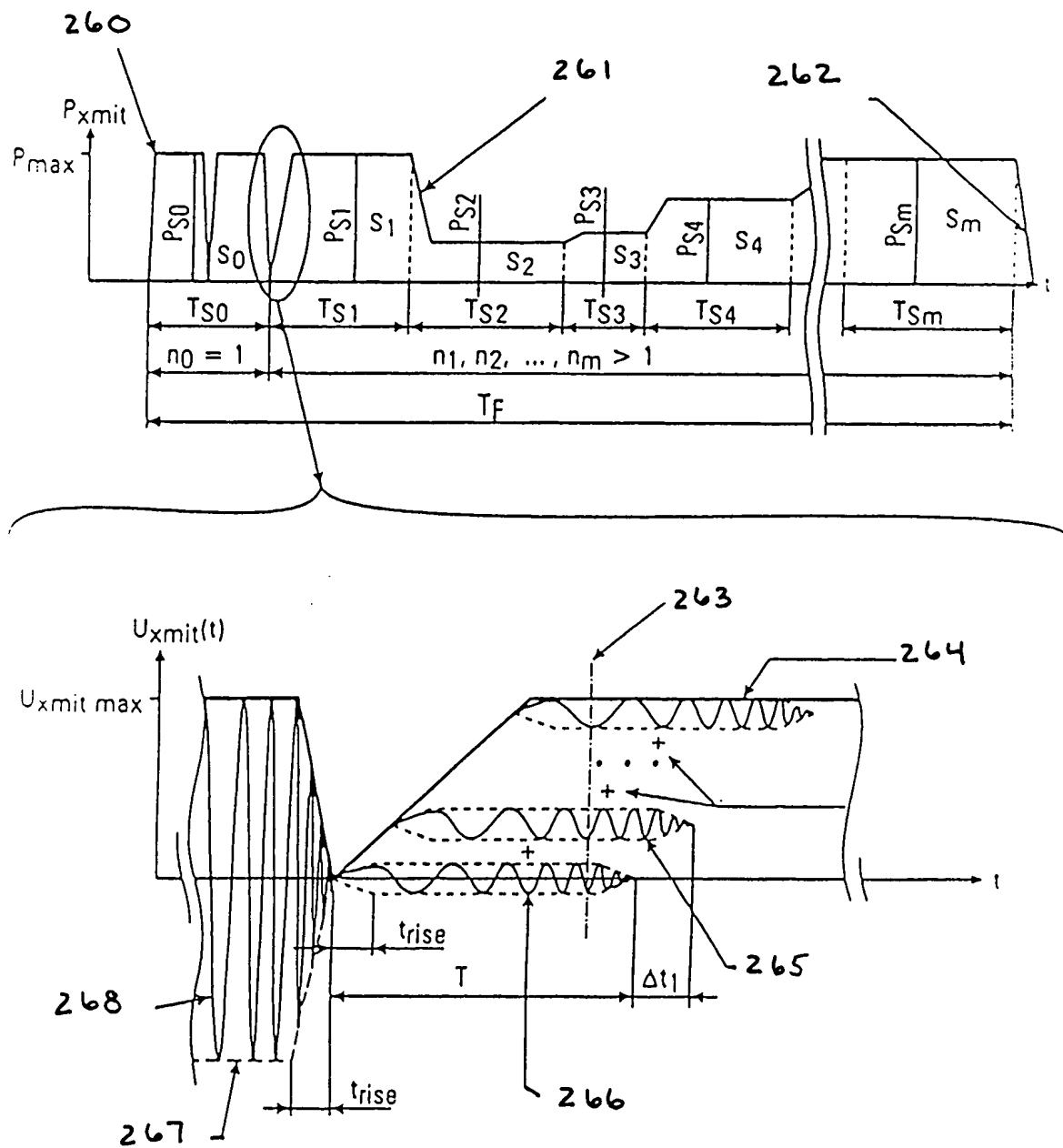


Fig. 9.14 Chirp Pulse Overlapping

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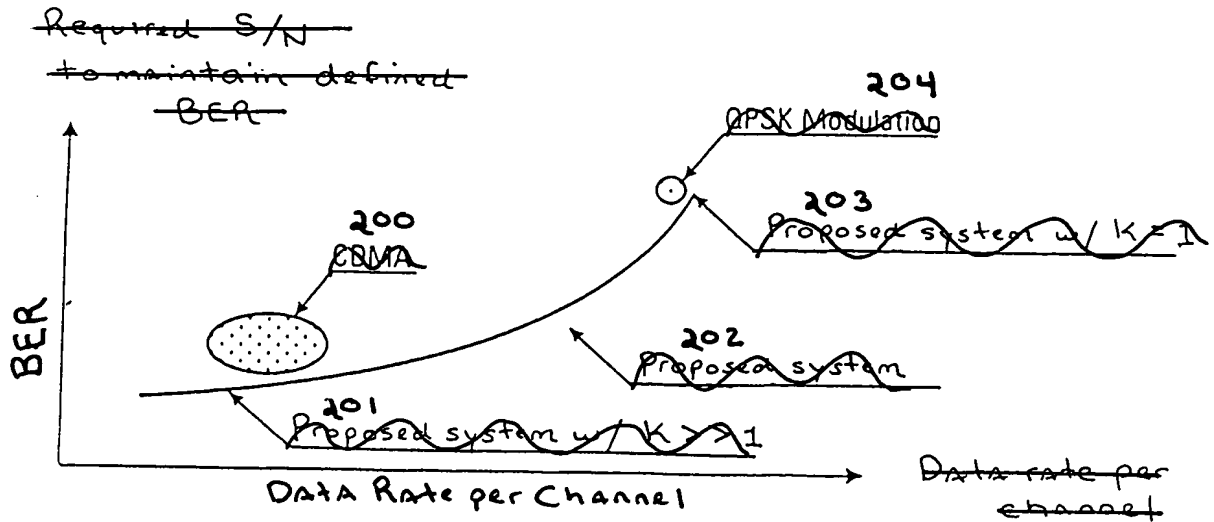


Fig. 9.1a

Simple modification of the  $K$  value, represents the difference in time between  
 $\Delta t = k \cdot \delta$

Example:

~~Constant transmitter power  $P_{\text{max}}$~~

~~Case 1:  $k = 10$~~

~~Case 2:  $k = 4$~~

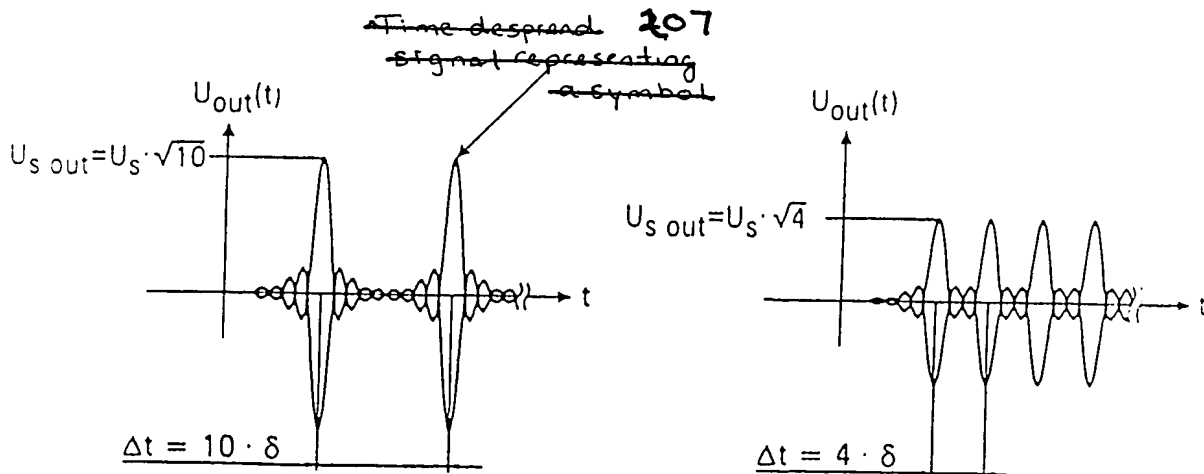


Fig. 9.1b

Fig. 9.1 System Characteristics

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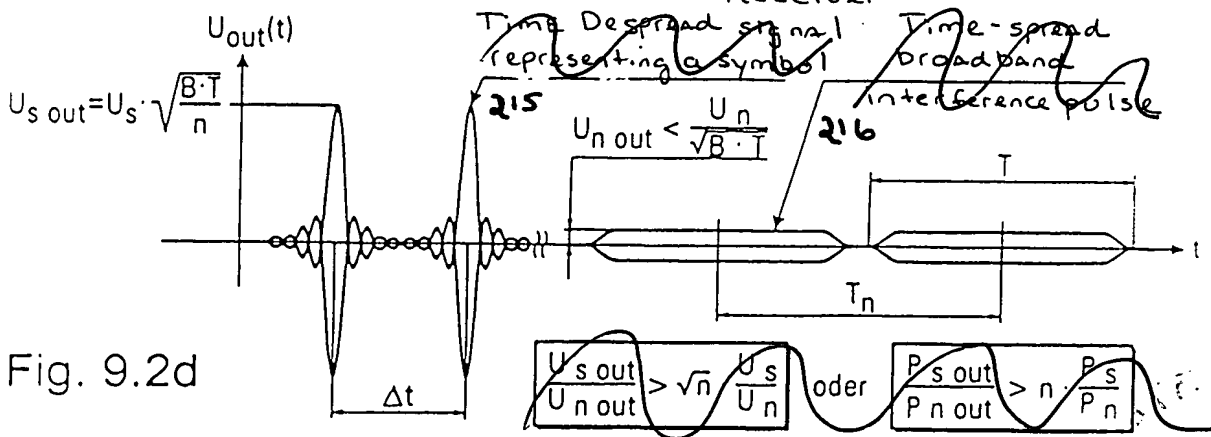
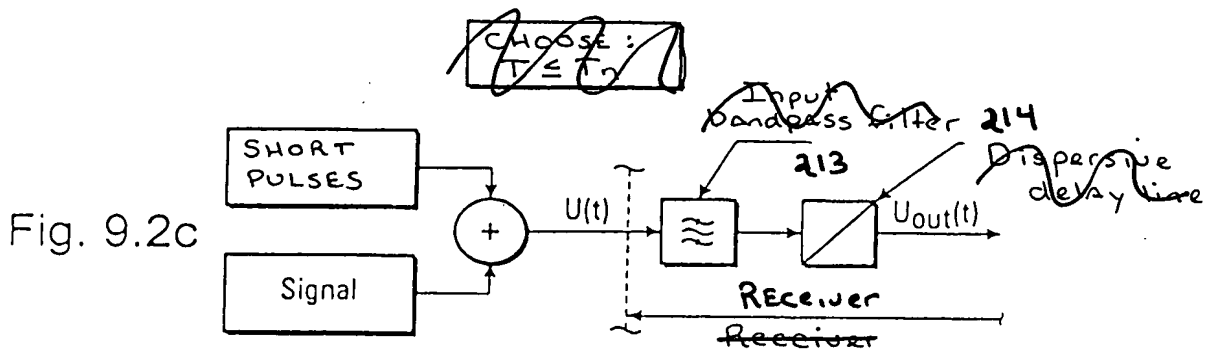
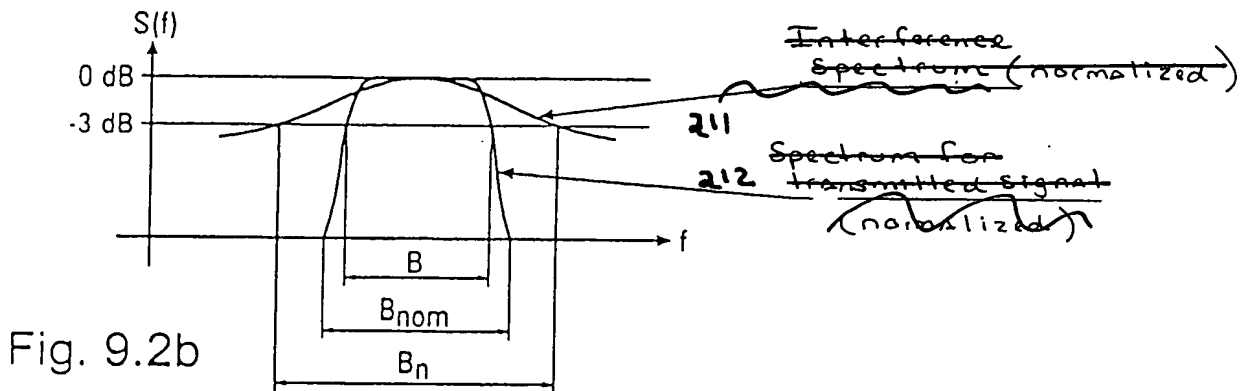
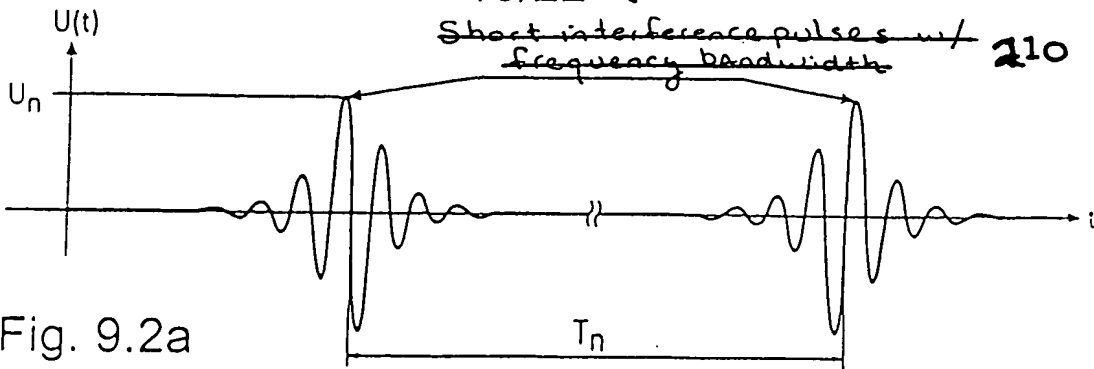


Fig. 9.2 BROADBAND INTERFERENCE

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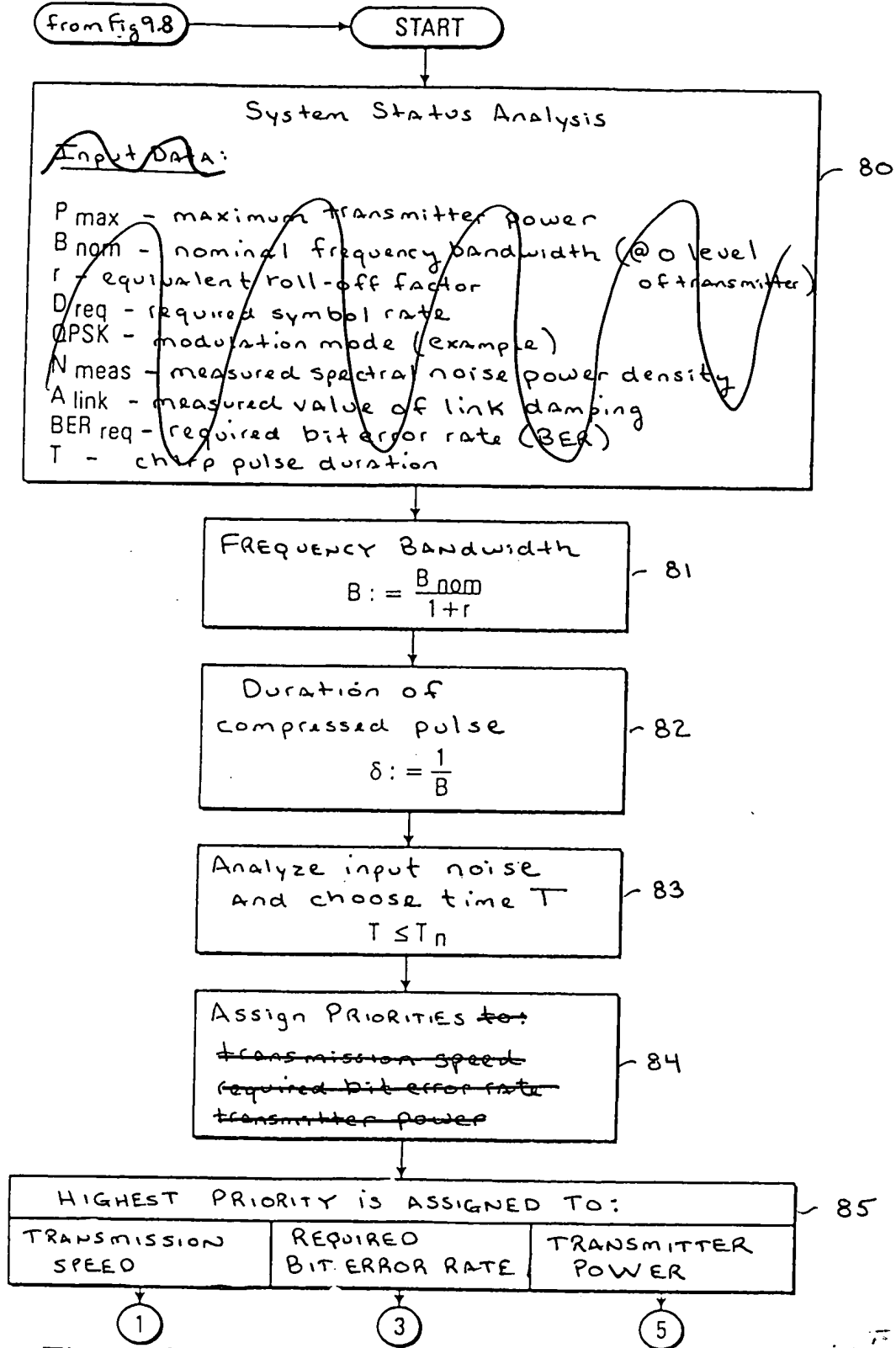


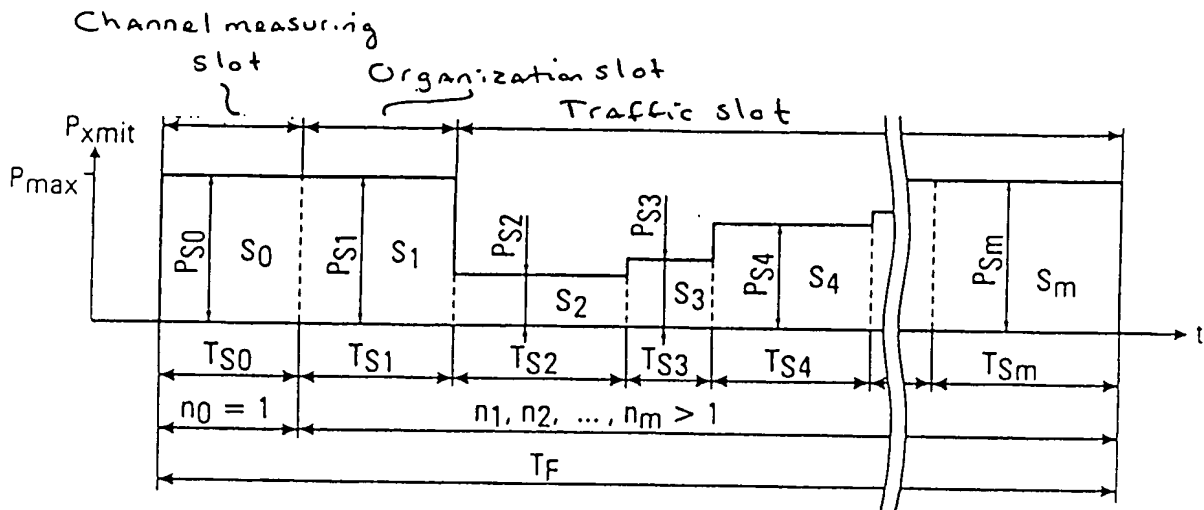
Fig. 9.3 Initialization & Priority Setting

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RESOURCE Allocation -  
arranged and controlled on  
the time axis enabling full system  
capacity to be used at all times to provide best efficiency

Example of Resource Allocation in TDMA Systems:

allocated resources are: signal power for each time slot,  
duration of each time slot



where:

$n_0, n_1, n_2, \dots, n_m$  - number of overlapping pulses for timeslots

$P_{max}$  - maximum transmitter power

$PS_0, PS_1, PS_2, \dots, PS_m$  - Assigned transmitter power per timeslot

$S_0$  - time slot 0 Assigned to time equalization method

$S_1$  - time slot 1 Assigned to the organization channel

$S_2$  - time slot 2 Assigned to the first traffic channel

$S_3$  - time slot 3 Assigned to the second traffic channel

$S_4$  - time slot 4 Assigned to the third traffic channel

$S_m$  - time slot m Assigned to the last traffic channel

$T_F$  = frame duration

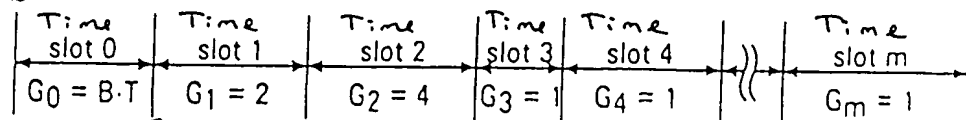
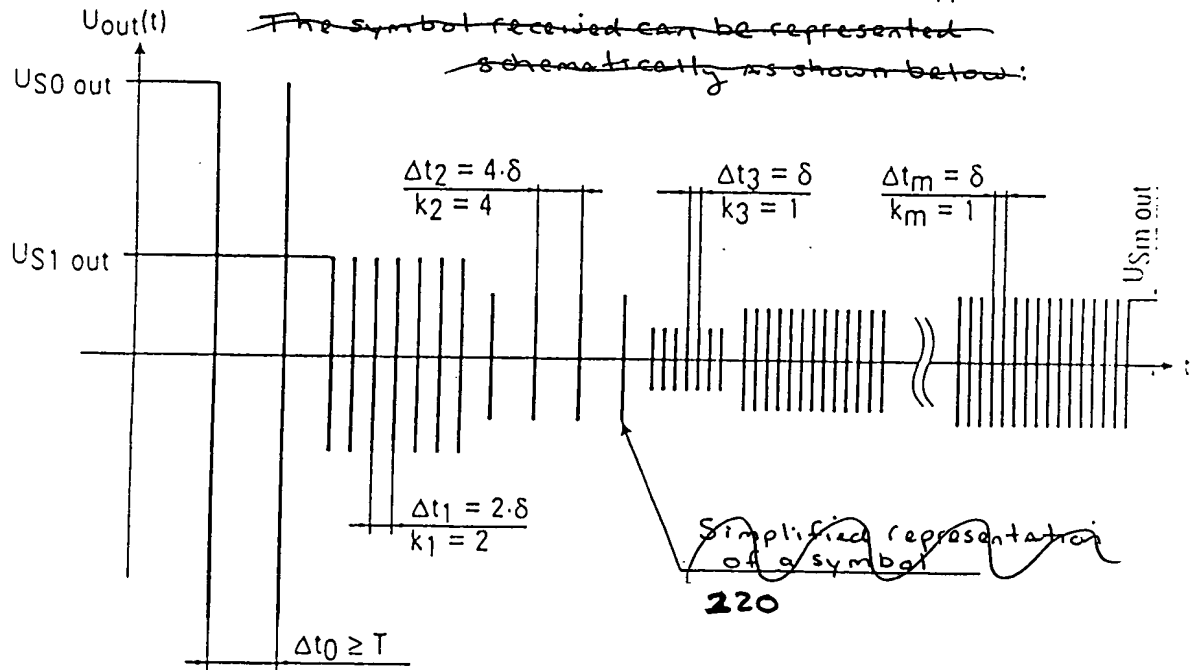
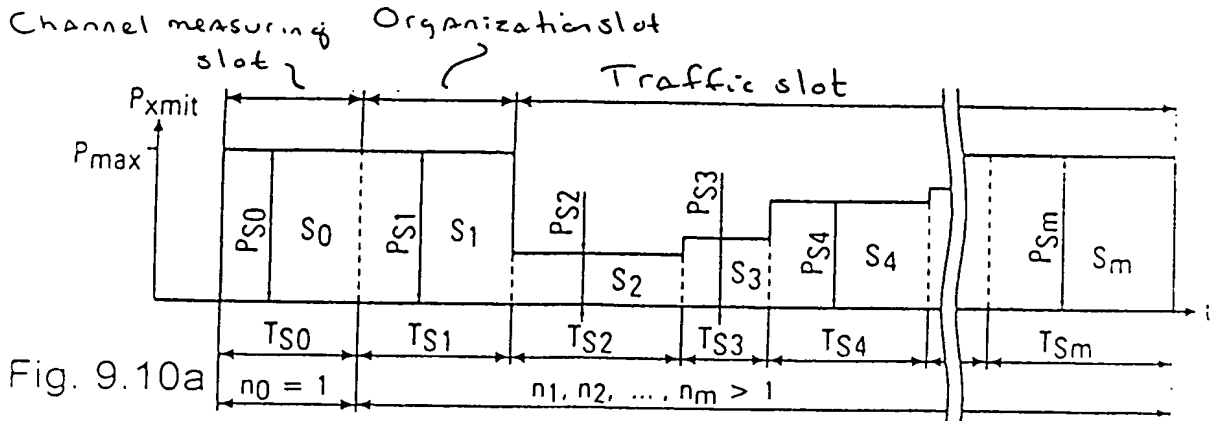
$$T_F = \sum_{i=0}^m T_{Si}$$

$T_{S0}, T_{S1}, T_{S2}, \dots, T_{Sm}$  =  
duration of timeslots  
0, 1, 2, ..., m.

Fig. 9.9 RESOURCE Allocation for Sampling System w/ TDMA

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~~Example of received signal according to the time-spreading method for resources allocated as in Fig 9.9.~~



$$G_i = \frac{B \cdot T}{n_i}; \quad i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$U_{Si} \text{ out} = \sqrt{G_i \cdot \frac{P_{Si} \cdot R_0}{A_{link(i)}}} = \sqrt{\frac{B \cdot T \cdot P_{Si} \cdot R_0}{n_i \cdot A_{link(i)}}}$$

Fig. 9.10 EXAMPLE OF RECEIVED SIGNAL



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~~Example of received signal according to the time despreading method (contd.)~~

where:

- $A_{link 0}, A_{link 1}, \dots, A_{link m}$  - damping of transmitter  $\leftrightarrow$  receiver link and the effective frequency bandwidth of the system for time slots  $0, 1, 2, \dots, m$
- $G_0, G_1, G_2, \dots, G_m$  - Additional system gain for timeslots  $0, 1, 2, \dots, m$
- $k_0, k_1, k_2, \dots, k_m$  - distance between symbols (expressed as integral multiples of the  $\sigma$  time) for time slots  $0, 1, 2, \dots, m$
- $R_0$  - nominal value of the load resistance
- $T$  - duration of chirp signal
- $\Delta t_0, \Delta t_1, \Delta t_2, \dots, \Delta t_m$  - intersymbol distance for timeslots  $0, 1, 2, \dots, m$
- $U_{S0 out}, U_{S1 out}, \dots, U_{Sm out}$  - Amplitude of the de-spread symbol for time slot number  $0, 1, 2, \dots, m$  (o.g. output of the dispersive delay line  $\rightarrow$  see Fig 9.2)
- $B$  - effective frequency bandwidth of the system.

$$U_{S0 out} = \sqrt{\frac{B \cdot T \cdot P_{S0} \cdot R_0}{A_{link 0}}} \quad \text{230} \quad \text{Pulse Amplitude for channel equalization method}$$

$$U_{S1 out} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot P_{S1} \cdot R_0}{A_{link 1}}} \quad \text{231} \quad \text{Symbol Amplitude for the organization channel}$$

$$U_{S2 out} = \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot P_{S2} \cdot R_0}{A_{link 2}}} \quad \text{232} \quad \text{Symbol Amplitude for the first traffic channel}$$

$$U_{S3 out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot P_{S3} \cdot R_0}{A_{link 3}}} \quad \text{233} \quad \text{Symbol Amplitude for the second traffic channel}$$

$$U_{S4 out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot P_{S4} \cdot R_0}{A_{link 4}}} \quad \text{234} \quad \text{Symbol Amplitude for the third traffic channel}$$

$$U_{Sm out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot P_{Sm} \cdot R_0}{A_{link m}}} \quad \text{235} \quad \text{Symbol Amplitude for the last traffic channel}$$

Fig. 9.11 Example of RECEIVED Signal (contd.)

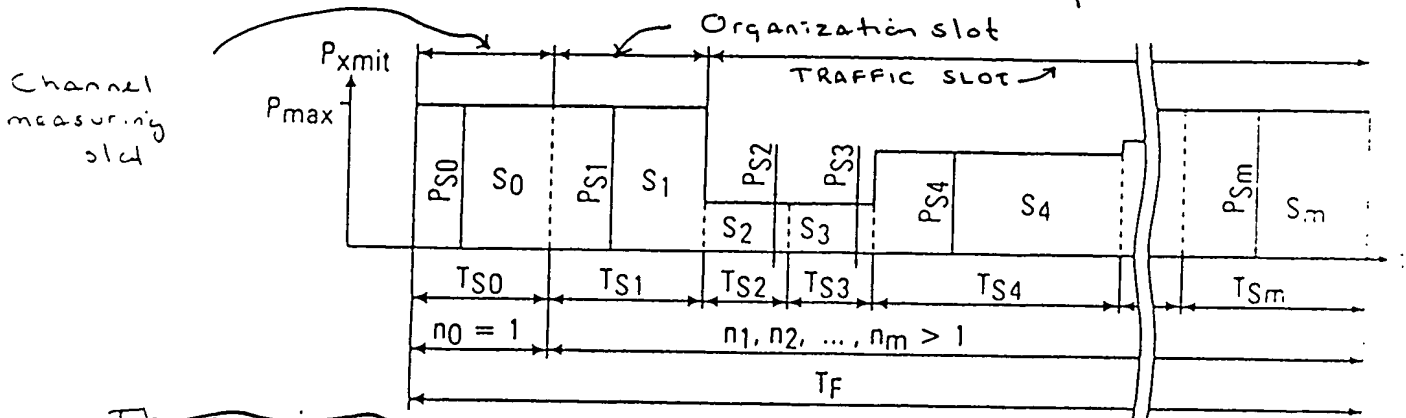




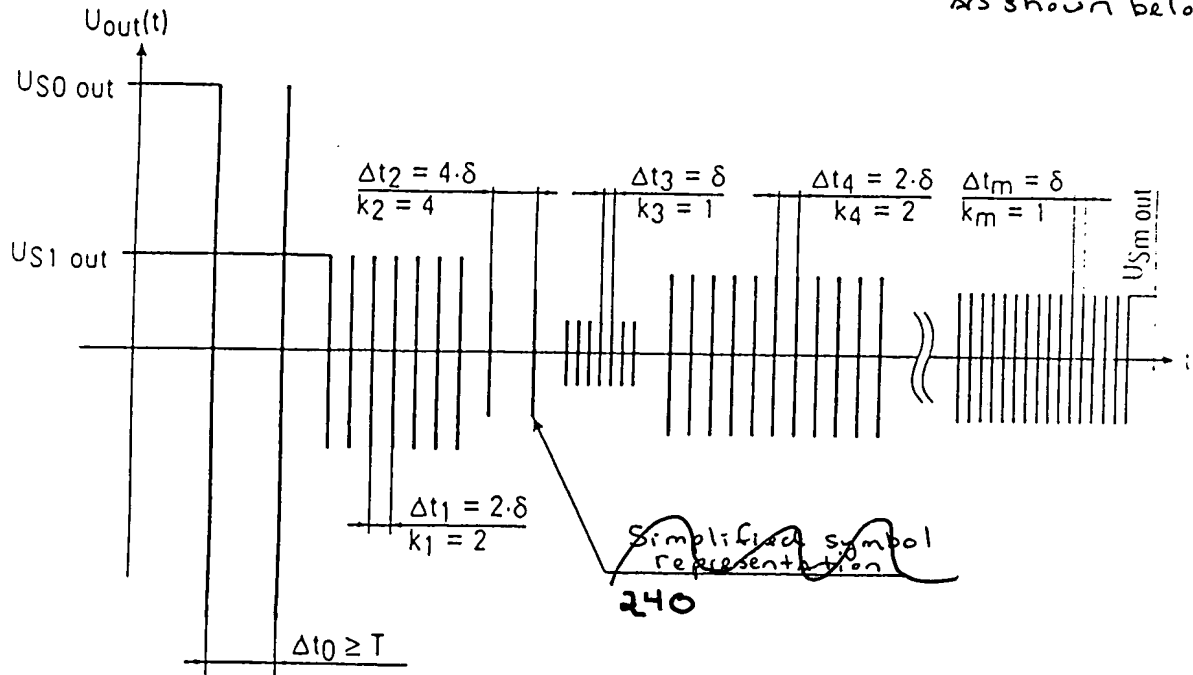
20/22 (MARK-UP)

~~Modified Allocation of resources according to changed system Requirements~~

- ~~→ less time allocated for time slot  $S_2$  and  $S_3$~~
- ~~→ less transmitter power allocated for time slot  $S_3$~~
- ~~→ more time allocated for time slot  $S_4$~~



~~The received signal after modification can be represented schematically as shown below:~~



| time slot 0       | time slot 1 | time slot 2 | time slot 3 | time slot 4 | time slot m |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| $G_0 = B \cdot T$ | $G_1 = 2$   | $G_2 = 4$   | $G_3 = 1$   | $G_4 = 1$   | $G_m = 1$   |

Fig. 9.12 RE-ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES

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~~Example of Received Signal After Allocation of resources (contd.)~~

~~Amplitude of the time-spread signal~~

$$US0 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{B \cdot T \cdot PS0 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 0}}} \quad \sim 250 \quad \text{Pulse amplitude for channel equalization method}$$

$$US1 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot PS1 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 1}}} \quad \sim 251 \quad \text{Symbol amplitude for the organization channel}$$

$$US2 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot PS2 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 2}}} \quad \sim 252 \quad \text{Symbol amplitude for the first traffic channel}$$

$$US3 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot PS3 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 3}}} \quad \sim 253 \quad \text{Symbol amplitude for the second traffic channel}$$

$$US4 \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot PS4 \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } 4}}} \quad \sim 254 \quad \text{Symbol amplitude for the third traffic channel}$$

$$USm \text{ out} = \sqrt{\frac{1 \cdot PSm \cdot R0}{A_{\text{link } m}}} \quad \sim 255 \quad \text{Symbol amplitude for the last traffic channel}$$

Fig. 9.13 RE - Allocation of Resources (contd.)

~~END OF POWER Envelope for the transmitted signal after Time Spreading~~

[illegible]